

Second Grade Assignments

THURSDAY (March 19, 2020)

MATH ➤ **Lesson:** Identifying and drawing a line of symmetry.

* A line of symmetry makes two parts that are congruent.

congruent – the same shape and the same size.

☆ **Workbook** – Progress in Mathematics pgs. 261-262

SPELLING ➤ **Lesson:** Rhyming words using the letters in the pictures.

☆ **Workbook** – Spelling and Vocabulary pg. 182 #s 1-6

- Using the Thesaurus (*pgs. 256-264*), find words that have the same or almost the same meaning. Choose only one.

☆ **Workbook** – Spelling and Vocabulary pg. 182 #s 7-10

PHONICS ➤ **Lesson:** Recognizing and writing common abbreviations.

abbreviation – *a shortened form of a word; uses a few letters of the word; always ends with a period*

☆ **Workbook** – Sadlier Phonics Level B pgs. 179-180

ENGLISH ➤ **Lesson:** Reviewing the rules in writing capital letters.

Note: Write five sentences (*in cursive*) using the rules in writing capital letters. Use the worksheet attached.

READING ➤ **Lesson:** Review on adding – *ing* or – *ed* to each base word or root word.

☆ **Workbook Vol. 2** – Journeys Reader's Notebook

Base(Root)Words and Endings – *ing , - ed* pgs. 1, 3, 4, 10, 13

RELIGION ➤ Review and Memorize the Confessional Format

FRIDAY (March 20, 2020)

MATH ➤ **Lesson:** Combining and separating figures to form other figures.

☆ **Workbook** – Progress in Mathematics pgs. 261-262

SPELLING ➤ **Lesson:** Proofreading the journal entry. Fixing five spelling mistakes and two missing commas.

➤ Using a separate paper, write a journal entry about a time you spent with your family. Write neatly in cursive.

☆ **Workbook** – Spelling and Vocabulary pg. 183

➤ Do page 184. Study the spelling words.

PHONICS ➤ **Lesson:** SUFFIXES: Write words ending in **ful, less, ness** in context.

suffix – *is a word part added to the end of a root word to change its meaning or make a new word.*

suffix “**ful**” - means full of

❖ example: hopeful – full of hope

suffix “**less**” – means without

❖ example: useless – without use

suffix “**ness**” – means a state of being

❖ example: quickness – being quick

☆ **Workbook** – Sadlier Phonics Level B pg. 207

➤ SUFFIXES: To match **less** and **ness** words to their meanings.

☆ **Workbook** – Sadlier Phonics Level B pg. 208

ENGLISH ➤ **Lesson:** Punctuation Marks (*period, question mark, exclamation point, comma, apostrophe*)

➤ Review the rules in writing sentences with proper end marks.

☆ **Workbook** – Voyages in English pgs. 13, 15, 19, 21, 55-58

READING ➤ Finish the Book Report for this month on “**SPORT**”.

➤ Continue the “Keeping Track of Reading”